1	HOUSE BILL NO. 516
2	INTRODUCED BY R. LENHART
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ESTABLISHING THE STATUTORY BASIS FOR THE
5	DEPARTMENT OF FISH, WILDLIFE, AND PARKS AND THE FISH, WILDLIFE, AND PARKS COMMISSION
6	TO DIRECT THE DISPERSAL OR REMOVAL OF CONCENTRATIONS OF BIG GAME ANIMALS POSING A
7	THREAT TO LANDOWNERS AND LIVESTOCK OR THE HEALTH OF WILDLIFE, HABITAT, OR THE PUBLIC;
8	PROVIDING RULEMAKING AUTHORITY TO THE DEPARTMENT; AND AMENDING SECTION 87-1-225,
9	MCA."
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11	WHEREAS, concentrations of big game animals cause damage to private and public lands; and
12	WHEREAS, management of big game populations requires the cooperation of all landowners, both
13	public and private; and
14	WHEREAS, existing laws are not adequate to address problems associated with the concentration of
15	big game animals given the nature of wildlife populations, their movement across the landscape, and existing
16	property ownership laws; and
17	WHEREAS, wildlife resources are valuable to the citizens of Montana without regard to political
18	boundaries; and
19	WHEREAS, it is the intent of the Montana Wildlife Damage Mitigation Act to keep big game populations
20	in balance with the available habitat and minimize, alleviate, and resolve game damage problems.
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22	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
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24	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Short title. [Sections 1 through 9] may be cited as the "Montana Wildlife
25	Damage Mitigation Act".
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27	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Prohibition on creating or maintaining conditions leading to
28	concentration of big game animals definition. (1) As used in [sections 1 through 9], "concentration" means
29	the occurrence of big game animals within the boundary of a property under the ownership of one person or
30	entity in such numbers as to pose a potential threat to the health of the animals, a detriment to the habitat on

which the animals rely, or an imbalance in the total number of animals or the age or sex characteristics of the population in the district.

- (2) An owner of real property may not create or maintain a concentration of big game animals that results or may result in:
 - (a) damage to adjoining property, whether public or private;
- (b) the inability of the department to manage big game animals to maintain a stable population, the health of big game animals, or the habitat on which the big game animals rely; or
 - (c) the transmission of disease.

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NEW SECTION. Section 3. Determination of existence of concentration of big game animals. A person who owns land within any hunting district established by the commission may make a request for the department to investigate the concentration of big game animals within the district. Upon receipt of the request for investigation, the department shall review the request and determine if a landowner is creating or maintaining a condition that results in a concentration of big game animals.

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NEW SECTION. Section 4. Mitigation of circumstances causing concentrations of big game animals. If the department determines that a landowner is creating or maintaining a condition that results in the concentration of big game animals, it may reduce the concentration of big game animals with requirements including but not limited to:

- (1) dispersing the big game animals;
- 21 (2) allowing the department to conduct programs to reduce the numbers of big game animals through 22 hunting:
 - (3) adjusting the length and scheduling of hunting seasons;
 - (4) increasing the number of licenses issued for the hunting of big game animals within the district; and
- (5) modifying or restricting the type and number of licenses issued for the hunting of big game withinthe district.

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<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 5. Remedies for creating or maintaining conditions resulting in concentration of big game animals. A landowner who fails to comply with the mitigation proposals directed by the department as provided in [section 4], except those mitigation proposals requiring hunts on private

- 1 property, is subject to the imposition of any or all of the following:
- 2 (1) disqualification from participation in the block management program;
- (2) loss of landowner preferences for hunting licenses;
- 4 (3) loss of nonresident set-aside licenses on the property; and
- 5 (4) restricting or prohibiting the harvest of antlered animals in locations of concentration.

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NEW SECTION. Section 6. Method of determining if landowner is creating or maintaining conditions resulting in concentration of big game animals. The department shall adopt rules that specify the procedures and criteria to be followed in determining whether a landowner is creating or maintaining conditions that result in the concentration of big game animals. In adopting rules, the department shall include provisions that:

- (1) consider all relevant scientific information regarding the game animals in the district and the nature and condition of the habitat in the district;
- (2) review the record of harvest of big game animals in the district, the issuance of big game hunting licenses, and the big game hunting success rate;
 - (3) consider the land ownership in the district and land use practices;
- (4) provide an opportunity for the landowner alleged to be creating or maintaining concentrations of big game animals to present contrary evidence; and
 - (5) provide an opportunity for other district landowners to provide evidence and testimony regarding the effects of big game concentrations on their property.

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- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 7. Notification and time limits.** In adopting rules, the department shall provide, at a minimum:
- (1) written notification to the landowner alleged to be creating or maintaining a concentration of big game animals; and
- (2) an opportunity for the landowner who is alleged to be creating or maintaining a concentration of biggame animals to respond.

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<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 8. Advisory committees.** (1) The commission shall establish a committee to advise the commission regarding statewide rules to determine the existence of a concentration of big game



animals and the procedures for reviewing written complaints that a landowner is creating or maintaining a concentration of big game animals.

- 3 (2) (a) The committee must include at least five but no more than seven members, including but not 4 limited to:
 - (i) a landowner who either owns or controls by lease at least 3,000 acres;
- 6 (ii) a resident who has purchased a conservation license for a period of 5 consecutive years;
- 7 (iii) a representative of a federal land management agency with experience in wildlife biology;
- 8 (iv) a department big game biologist; and

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- 9 (v) a Montana fish, wildlife, and parks commissioner.
 - (b) The director shall provide support, including staff, that is appropriate for the committee to carry out its duties.
 - (3) (a) The director shall appoint a committee composed of five members to review a written complaint alleging concentrations of big game animals. The committee is to include:
 - (i) a resident landowner in the district in which the alleged concentration is occurring, but not the person filing the complaint or the landowner against whom the allegations are made;
 - (ii) a Montana fish, wildlife, and parks commissioner representing the district in which the complaint has been filed;
 - (iii) a person who holds a resident hunting license and is familiar with the district where the alleged concentration is occurring;
 - (iv) a representative of a federal land management agency if there are federally owned lands in the district where the alleged concentration is occurring; and
 - (v) a department big game biologist who is responsible for the monitoring of big game animals in the district where the alleged concentration is occurring.
 - (b) The committee shall review the written complaint and make recommendations to the director as to its validity and possible mitigation options. The director shall provide support, including staff, that is appropriate for the committee to carry out its duties.

NEW SECTION. Section 9. Concentrations of big game animals -- liabilities. A finding by the department that a landowner is creating or maintaining a concentration of big game animals and failure by the

landowner to implement the mitigation proposals imposed by the department is conclusive proof in a civil action



1 by the state or a private party that the landowner is creating or maintaining a concentration of big game animals.

2 The proof may be entered as evidence by the state or a private party in a civil action seeking compensation for

damage resulting from creating or maintaining a concentration of big game animals.

- Section 10. Section 87-1-225, MCA, is amended to read:
- **"87-1-225. Regulation of wild animals damaging property -- public hunting requirements.** (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (2), a landowner is eligible for game damage assistance under subsection (3) if he the landowner:
 - (a) allows public hunting during established hunting seasons; or
 - (b) does not significantly reduce public hunting through imposed restrictions.
- (2) The department may provide game damage assistance when public hunting on a landowner's property has been denied because of unique or special circumstances that have rendered public hunting inappropriate.
- (3) Within 48 hours after receiving a request or complaint from any landholder or person in possession and having charge of any land in the state that wild animals of the state, protected by the fish and game laws and regulations, are doing damage to the property or crops thereon on the land, the department shall investigate and arrange to study the situation with respect to damage and depredation. The department may then decide to open a special season on the game or, if the special season method be is not feasible, the department may destroy the animals causing the damage or immediately implement any of the mitigation provisions provided in [section 4]. The department may authorize and grant the holders of said the property permission to kill or destroy a specified number of the animals causing the damage. No A wild ferocious animal damaging property or endangering life shall be is not covered by this section."

NEW SECTION. Section 11. Codification instruction. [Sections 1 through 9] are intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 87, chapter 3, and the provisions of Title 87, chapter 3, apply to [sections 1 through 9].

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